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Review of recent finding thermal performance of screw air compressor with dryer

Sudhir Kumar

sudhirkumar7393@gmail.com

Truba Institute of Engineering and
Information Technology, Bhopal,
Madhya Pradesh

Pankaj Badgaiyan

pankajbadgaiyan33@gmail.com

Truba Institute of Engineering and
Information Technology, Bhopal,
Madhya Pradesh

Dheeraj Jain

dj.jain1988@gmail.com

Truba Institute of Engineering and
Information Technology, Bhopal,
Madhya Pradesh

ABSTRACT

The Screw compressor is a mechanical device which is used to increase the pressure from lower to higher level. It is used in process industries where the super dry compressed Air is required, of various utility just like packaging, transporting of product. The screw compressor is positive displacement type rotary compressor which is working under screw action and emerged with desiccant adsorption dryer for removal of moisture of compressed humid Air. This combination of system is studies under the various published literature paper show that moisture is removal under using by means of chemical substance like activated alumina, silica gel and molecular sieves of compressed Air and may Save the purge loss in dryer by using reusing compressed Air by heated blower to show that it can be enhancement of efficiency of screw compressor. In screw compressor has no fluctuation on deliver compressed Air with desiccant adsorption dryer by means of rotary action with male and female rotor. The investigation of published paper has to summarize the performance of compressed dry Air which is utilizing the super dry Air in pharma utility sector and various industries. The dew point has the main parameter for acquiring the humid compressed Air to dry compressed Air by means of the at dew point lowest for easy condensation of compressed Air of the system. In this system the Adsorption Air dryer which is installed with Screw Air compressor has high performance in captured of moisture in compressed Air system by using the blower and heater.

Keywords: Zero Purge Loss, Desiccant Bed, Compression System, Pressure Drop, Silica Gel, Regeneration, Adsorption Process, Desorption.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Design of Compressor

In this paper, the study has carried out search the data of oil injection input parameters on the thermal enhancement of diesel power screw air compressor which has used in water well application. Oil injection parameters considered in this study are oil injection orifice size, engine speed and oil injection pressure [1]. Aim of this published paper to using the variable guide (VGVs) and bleed air to enhance the performance of axial compressor. The results show that bleed air optimized efficiency air compressor. Further this paper also presented the comparative study to evaluate overall thermal performance of aircraft engine. It is here removal that the low bypass ratio turbofan engine has been modeled. To save fuel at the first bleed air schedule is 1.63 percent for 15 percent surge margin [4]. In the operating process, firstly three D corner stall aim to be removing the corner stall by applying minimum the ratio of flow and attached end wall suction. Blade suction of highly loaded compressor conventionally loaded compressor airfoil. By the control of flow, the dominant flow structured has obtained. Measurements of flow control of hub corner stall in cascade axial compressor were being supplemented with numerical predictions from a commercial CFD code to enhance the performance of highly loaded axial compressor[12], the presented work has been investigate that to control of separation which happened on axial compressor by means of using plasma actuator (PA). This will modify the arrangement of axial flow compressor; plasma actuator has to lower energy loss. 18 percent lift to drag ratio increasing when the plasma actuator will have established 15 percent area of blade chord length due to more effective flow separation also control in axial compressor. By using two to three pairs of electrode are raising the performance up to 40 percent [28], the work has been showing limit of gas turbine compressor during high off take for the low load condition of aerodynamic.

Zero dimensional regarding the engine calculating the boundary condition for the 3D compressor on CFD model to analysis low to high air extraction in manner of aerodynamic. This results shows that limit of extraction will be about 18 percent. So the compressor able to high flow extraction by this paper known [31], Using the variable compressor which has to variable speed that implementing in refrigerator to control the technique of baseline. It is being manipulate on the model of LPPT (least power point tracking) for minimize the energy consumption. The investigation results has opened the LPPT manage about 16 percent drew by means of baseline control. The LPPT has the calculative version of unique two speeds manage [38].

1.2 CFD Analysis of compressor

The mechanical vapor recompression (MVR) is a highly energy-efficient process, in which the compressor is the core unit. In order to improve the compressor efficiency the distilled water is atomized and injected into the compressor to cool down the overheated vapor during compression [2]. Based on analysis of a screw air compressor volumetric efficiency under different discharge pressure conditions, this study establishes the mathematic model of the adiabatic compression power consumption. Under load/unload conditions, to change the offline pressure with step of 0.01 MPa, the power consumption floats up and down with the change of unloading and loading and then the screw compressor power consumption is simulated in MATLAB [3]. The author observes that there are many benefits with blended compressor oil lubricity better thermo oxidative stability anti-wear behavior lowest friction coefficient. Vegetable oil based compressor with the help of tribological investigation in industrial air compressor. This paper shows that vegetable based compressor oil to replace the petroleum based compressor oil for industrial applications [5].

Whenever gas dynamic model is employed to simulate the transient fluid, the design process is avoided and operation takes place pointing. Trouble shooting class paper also extends the digital LW2 scheme with a view to bring improvement pinpointing lets dispersion and computational time. An apart from iterative methodology has designed for trapezoidal integration of the Riemann variables in pipe enhancing of calculate the boundary condition. Such applying methodology and calculation it should improve the pulsation prediction in reciprocating compressor by means of improvement of one dimensional gas on dynamic model [16]. In this paper four stage Air dryer has to investigate for the process economics and removal of moisture by means of heat exchanger in industries. This Air dryer has to balance by mass and energy through four stages in the CFD simulation by using heat exchanger in desiccant heat dryer [21].

1.3 Thermal performance of compressor

The research of this paper tells about balancing of thermal by means of reducing the entropy. Here many Air dryers are used for below dew point water production 9.5 to 190 Kg/hour. Between two points of enthalpy put range 20 and 47.8 kJ/kg, above than 1 extraction has no further modification in the means of GOR data by using of solar adsorption desiccant dryer [6]. Due to absorbing latent heat of evaporation, it has to reduce the temperature of working fluid by means of evaporation. During the monitor the humidity, temperature and pressure. The studies show that smaller droplet and working fluid on energy has to minimal. The corresponding efficiencies has to achieved through wet compression process are determined and also tabulated form. The wet compression systems have improved performance by analysis of energy through consideration of thermo fluid

dynamic. It is deployed in gas turbine plant [7]. In the transonic air compressor, humidity has increased and after the condensation pressure of suction surface for decrease shock pressure pushed down-stream. due to inverse proportion between relative humidity and shock loss heat addition in the working fluid decreases the total pressure [9]. In this paper we observed that energy analysis on different type of technology of compressed air energy storage system for more competitive features. Governing parameter has involved for system performance in the A-CAES system of one stage adiabatic compressed air energy. The A-CAES has to explained as adiabatic compressed air energy storage which results reveal that the isentropic of the machine [20]. This paper shows that using aqueous foam in the liquid piston compressor which is increasing the rate of heat transfer because of there are two reason, one of the increased surface area and another is more heat transfer coefficient that both applied on piston liquid compressor. It is observed that many types foam generator design are parametric investigation to use aqueous foam in the combustion chamber with the compression ratio is 2.5. the results shows that overall heat transfer has to enhance the rate of 92 percent by previous of 86 percent of the non foam piston compressor by means of optimizing design [25]. This paper shows that it is being to reduce the losses of pressure in compressor relating the fuel cell passes air for airplane. There are problem when touches at height altitude by the means of counter air present at that place. It has required the ever share of fuel cell that's why power reduced to 54KW to 41 KW. The fuel battery demand due to more pressure has to adjust by basis of hydrogen energy that other compression [35]. this paper has discussed the calculative modeling which the belongs to automobile industry fuel setup enhancing two stage turbo compressor for air using. The machine of setup has to process initially that solved the make highly efficient. This model has to enhance the limitation by two factors, one of the efficiency and other is pressure ratio using the fuel cell stack (FCS) and output factor in the two stage turbo compressor [41].

1.4 Application of compressor in industry

For the industrial air compressor process waste heat recovery of huge amount of heat. The result has to indicate heat of maximum recovery about 54.5 percent. The effectiveness of heat recovery unit calculated by the 57 percent and shows the implementation of the exergue economic analysis on air compressor for process water heating. Maximum heat recovery is obtained when minimum temperature difference between outlet swarm water and inlet water. Here, the working fluid will be flow in the manner of cross flow [8]. CUSUM chart prepared by means of monitoring the consumption of compressed air for section level improvement of rapid detection. The procedure is to enhance monitors and sustain energy consumption by the controlling of CUSUM chart and base of energy baseline. Energy management of compressed air is investigating real time by the CUSUM chart with the relevant variables and important methodology [23]. In this paper presents realistic data performed in mousl dairy factory which is study on saving air losses compressed on also save on production cost. in addition to the cost of compressed air losses in factory at the time of production line had calculated by means of scientific manner. The relationship between variable parameter and production line parameter, the result were implemented that quadrant [27].

1.5 Use of Air dryer in compressor

By using HVAC system there are two benefits by means of dissipating heat has to reducing and systems runs by the waste heat that of validation of experimentally. This system has to code develop by means of design. Therefore, more values data are

obtain. This are showed me that for HVAC system is 12,000 Btu/h may be find the air dryer has 4 members to operate up to 6 h [10]. Energy saving in desiccant dryer by using timing chain that of control system. This result shows that enhancing of effectiveness of system. Since that effectiveness variation from 14% to above it tells about that central system to modify the design. Therefore the value of exegetic effectiveness is increase or energy improves up to 34 by using the air dryer desiccant developer [11]. The method deals with injecting H₂O in the mist air ,which improves an operation performance of gas turbine, it aims at development of deeper understand of aerodynamic features of fluctuating quantities as well as it influence control by mist air. Even the effect of different mist injection on transient features of compressor has been investigated by frequency analysis. Even the dominant component of disturbance source flow appears. As a weak fluctuation by the means of weak fluctuation due to uneven distribution are flowing after weak injection [14]. In this case of compressor air energy storage system which may competitive for electrical grid even the air compression or expander should be capable of high pressure followed efficient pressure more even. There may be trade-off which shows multi gated in liquid piston. Dry air has been assumed in design and analysis of air compressor process, moreover parallel investigates the effect of moisture on compression efficiency and process consequently evaporation condensation play contra-dictionary role whereas evaporation also absorbs latent heat enhancing cooling for removing of moist air in reciprocating system [15]. In this paper aim to find dryness by using the solar dryer on experiment of tomato slice through the type of KAWA type sample. This paper has to investigate that effective diffusivity which means of using KAWA type tomato. This solar dryer is important for power saving by means of less consumption in heat exchanger and calculated by gibes free energy [17]. The drying performance of new compressed prove to the required experiment even it has been found that the drying performance LICAL solution better than LIBR solution .The drying performance investigated on liquid desiccants on operating pressure 0.8 MPa [18]. this paper tells about system performance in terms of thermally by using solar novel dryer by means of Rotary dryer wheel which is improve the dryness process. This dryer has obtained that maximum drying capacity and minimum maintains cost [30].

1.6 Data analysis of compressor

It is to be known to us that air compressor applied to carry air to cathode channel for electro chemical reaction, which is a crucial compressor for PEM fuel cell. Air compressor also influences the fuel cell performance and durability. In this paper semi physical modeling method has been adapt to analyses the operating properly of centrifugal compressor. It is much more suitable for automotive fuel cells due to its compactness. It should be remembered that this model comprises of physical and parameters even interior point optimization method is perform method. It is applied to identify these parameters. It is remembered that the modeled compressor. Map is quite close to experimental data whereas the compressor efficiency is compared with the measurement axial compressor [13]. it is here to be remembered that physical assets of industries include compressor, pump, heat-exchangers and both reactions. A large company which operates planning of maintenance of planning by means of typically manages such assets fleet reliability of air compressor. It has to movement a coordinated way as an asset fleet of the process industry. This paper shows that opened the reliability of centrifugal compressor data collected according to OREDA (offshore and onshore reliability data project). There

are six important subsystems of the compressor power, transmission, compressor, control and monitoring.

1.7 Compressor energy storage

This paper shows that condition of analysis in which mixed with ethanol in technical manner to the verified the technical and economic to put the compressed air energy storage (CAES). This is found that in wind energy in Brazil land to energy generation. the study has to show geological character of the country. It is found that very difficult to established storing compressed air where no mining caverns [32]. This experimental investigation is justifying that of adjustment strategies of the centrifugal compressor. To using the system for results that used compressed air energy storage (CAES) by the means of parameters of environmental things and load variables. There are two techniques which is using that adjustable inlet guide vanes (AIGVs) and adjustable blade diffusers (AVDs). The optimum pressure may have to obtain by using these two techniques [34]. The vast majority of pneumatic systems use compressed atmospheric air as the operating medium (a small number of systems use nitrogen obtained commercially from liquid gas suppliers). Unlike hydraulic systems, a pneumatic system is 'open'; the fluid is obtained free, used and then vented back to atmosphere [36]. The compressed air energy storage has to define as small scale in high manner of making the application. The study has making the develop of calculating model of that analyze the three stage generation. The making model and energy pattern that will use advanced adiabatic compressed air energy storage system (AA-CAES). This paper study depends on two model of process that electrical pattern connection and building by the means of electrical coverage ratio and hot coverage ratio [39].

1.8 Compressor used of multistage

Automatic stability control has to investigate of injection air on tip of multi stage axial flow compressor. Here, injection flow depends on stall margin improvement (SMI) verses injected momentum ratio relationship. Transducer has to be installing symmetrically on the casing at the different stages. Automatic stability control may have to save energy for the stable compressor and the active control is inoperative that means control system indicate failure. The safe operation is occurring under safe environment in aero-engine continuously [22]. by this paper has to investigate that better the performance and reliability of multi stage swap plate compressor using the pure environment and modeling that of numerical method. Heat removing has to save that by means of enhance the design in the cross head and inner and outer thermal flow manner have exhibited so far. The inlet port temperature has to superheat with cylinder head but no loss but volumetric efficiency improved of the cylinder [37].

1.9 Compressor use of reciprocating compressor

This paper shows that experimental verify of vortex tube for reducing air inlet of a reciprocating air compressor which introduced lower temperature of inlet air. Here the investigation has to verify compact design of vortex tube in cold air generator that takes heat from the evaporator. Nozzle has to design in starting period of research in this paper with the three sizes which is using in the vortex tube. The energy has to save at the amount of 2.3 percent with 0.6 bars in the vortex tube also increase the low tank pressure [24]. To the side of paper thermodynamics and economics, efficiency of four energy has to distribution. The advanced adiabatic has compressed air energy collected system jointed with other systems not only has a high efficiency. It is observed that many types foam generator design are parametric

investigation to use aqueous foam in the combustion chamber with the compression ratio [26]. The enhancing of parameter on reciprocating compressor there are using actuator to multi system jointing. The machine of less capability of the setup are manage the characteristic of the inlet valve by the changing the improving system by using the mechatronic hydraulic system. The solution had identified that using many web software to recognize the how to solving the wrongness. The result is starting spring mechanical parameter that will hit the actuator and back oil pressure [40].

1.10 Compressor used as axial flow

The presented work has been investigated that to control of separation which happened on axial compressor by means of using plasma actuator (PA). This will modify the arrangement of axial flow compressor; plasma actuator has to lower energy loss. 18 percent lift to drag ratio increasing when the plasma actuator will have established 15 percent area of blade chord length due to more effective flow separation also control in axial compressor. By using two to three pairs of electrode are raising the performance up to 40 percent [28]. It is being informed that notice the aerodynamic behavior of transonic axial flow compressor on the behalf of moving stall with the self-recalculating casing (RCT) treatment unsteady flow CFD. Recalculating casing treatment has been designing the parameter which is in means of fabricated and tested for its performance by all the information of stall margin saving. By better the stall margin in axial flow compressor has to save overall losses. Recalculating casing treatment works on high fluid pressure [29]. This results presents about stability of aerodynamic in axial flow compressor using the foam metal. Foam like substance belongs to here foam metal which have low weight pattern but it has to good strength in axial flow compressor. All the setup belongs to axial flow compressor here with foal metal have to enhancing the stability and reduce the sound using the mechanism FMCT (foam metal casing treatment) [33].

2. CONCLUSION

By the study of the research paper carried out and published by the many authors during last 15 years show that lot of investigations and methodology have been doing in the following area of the design and performance of Air compressor.

Treatment of working fluid

Thermodynamic parameters of air compressor

Operating cost and maintenance cost

Efficiency of compressor

Types of compressor system

Compressed Air-flow pattern

Types of desiccant bed

Geometric parameters of adsorption dryer

Ambient condition

Geometric parameters of air compressor

Pressure drop in pipe

Various authors have to investigate and propose to thermal models and data for the evaluation of Air compressor performance enhancement same theirs have successfully compared the theoretical and practical results from the experimental data and validated their results. However in industrial area Air compressor tube, Author suggested that the effect of various types of impurities in the circulating dry Air on the Air compressor thermal performance has need to be still investigated.

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