Abstract: The primary objective of this project is to gain sufficient knowledge in planning and design of building. Our project deals with the planning and design of a residential building. Planning of structure was done in Auto cadd software and design of structure components like slab, beam, column, footing, staircase etc was done by Stadd Pro software. It is a reinforced concrete framed structure consisting of G+1.IS 456:2000 codes is the basic code for general construction in concrete structures, hence all the structural members are designed using limit state method in accordance with the IS 456:2000 code and design aids. The help of Microsoft Excel and AutoCAD we successfully found the estimated area of Plot area = 193.97sq.m, Ground floor area = 105.02 sq.m, First floor area = 105.02 sq.m.F.S.I Permited = 1.0 .

Keywords: STAAD Pro, Residential Building, AUTOCAD, Microsoft Excel, G+1 Structure. Is code 456:2000, limit state method.

1. INTRODUCTION
The main objective of our project is to know the various design aspects like planning and estimate. We have planned to design a residential building consisting of two floors (G+1). The planning is done as per the requirements and regulations given.

1.1.Planning Considerations
The plan and detailing was drawn using Auto CAD. The shape of the building is rectangular in plan. The building consists of ground floor and first floor. The parking space is provided around the building. The staircase is provided with enough safe. National Building Code (NBC).

1.2.Designing
Designing means Build a method is done in stadd pro software.Staad pro can design a structure for various types of material like Steel,Concrete,Aluminium and Timber. we select IS 456-2000 with limit state method. It gives extensive information on the various aspects of concrete

2. OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT
The objectives of the project are mentioned below
1. To Plan G+1 Structural Residential Building.
2. To draw plan G+1 Residential Building Using Auto Cad.
3. To Design G+1 Residential Building Using Staad pro.

Chart-1: Methodology Chart

3. METHODOLOGY
3.1 Planning - G+1 Residential Structure
Planning is the first step of construction project management philosophy of planning, organizing and controlling the execution of the projects. Construction project planning and project scheduling is two separate and distinct function of the project management. Construction project planning is the
function in which project and construction managers and their key staff members prepares the master plan.

3.2 Drawing - Auto Cad
AutoCAD is a computer-aided design software developed by the company Autodesk (hence the name AutoCAD). It allows you to draw and edit digital 2D and 3D designs more quickly and easily than you could by hand. Ground floor consists of Verandah, Living Room, Passage, Bath Room, W.C., Staircase, Bed room 1 and Master Bedroom. First floor consists of Staircase, Bedroom 2, Bedroom 3, Open Terrace, Bath Room, W.C., store room. Front elevation plan consists of ground floor windows, first floor windows, door and chajja. If the plan is cut at A-A' the we get section at A-A' which consists of foundation, step footing, brick work, construction of staircase which is done by using method of dog leg, concert filling in staircase. In foundation plan the column are mark by initial letter C1 or C2. Stie plan consists of the planning of sewer line, water line placement of G.T, I.C, M.H, F.S.I, E.P, W.T and Index consists of full form of G.T, I.C, M.H, F.S.I, E.P, W.T, construction notes, schedule of doors and windows, area statement consists of over all information which can not be mention at some place and some detailed information regarding this plan. This are some images of are plan that can easily and with full detailed define the above summary.

3.3 Designing - G+1 Residential Structure
Designing means Build a method is done in stadd pro software. Staad pro can design a structure for various types of material like Steel, Concrete, Aluminium and Timber. We select IS 456-2000 with limit state method. It gives extensive information on the various aspects of concrete.

3.3.1 Study of Is code 456:2000
IS 456-2000 Plain and Reinforced Concrete - Code of Practice is an Indian Standard code of practice for general structural use of plain and reinforced concrete. The latest revision of this standard was done in year 2000, reaffirmed 2005. This code uses the limit state design approach as well working stress design approach. However, the Code has used limit state design at majority of the places & recommends use of this. It is written for use in India. It gives extensive information on the various aspects of concrete.

3.3.2 The Results Shown Are Based on Analysis of Designed Model In STAAD Pro
Live loads refer to the dynamic forces from occupancy and intended use. They represent the transient forces that can be moved through the building or act on any particular structural element.
4. CONCLUSION

- This project includes the Planning of G+1 residential building using AutoCAD. Designing of G+1 residential building using STAAD Pro.
- The Planning of the proposed G+1 residential building is based on a plot area is 193.97sq.m. The ground floor of the building will be used as Living area, kitchen area, wc and bath area and bedroom area while the remaining 1 floors will be divided into 2 bedrooms, 1 store room, and open terrace. The Ground floor area is 105.02 sq.m, First floor area is 105.02. All the drafting was done using AutoCAD. Also, these drawings made on AutoCAD also served as a base for transfer of the structure for design into STAAD Pro.
- The design of the entire structure has been completed using STAAD pro. The results include the various forces acting on various members as well various schedules for various members. Also using the software we got the concrete take-off as well as the steel take-off. The foundation has been designed as an isolated footing using soil condition as medium. The foundation design values were calculated using STAAD Foundation.
- The method used is limit state analysis, the factor of safety for concrete is 1.5 and steel is 1.1 it means 50% more concrete and 10% more steel is considered.

6. REFERENCES

[3] Narendra Kumar Adapa Assistant Professor, University college of Architecture and Planning, Acharya Nagarjuna University, AP, India, Static Analysis and Design of Multi-Storied (G+4) Residential Building