Home automation using ZigBee technology and IOT

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ABSTRACT

Technology is a never ending process. From the past decade has seen significant advancement in the field of consumer electronics. Various devices such as cellular phones, air-conditioners, home security devices, home theatres, etc. are lead us to smart home/home automation. They have given rise to a PAN (Personal Area Network) in home environment, where all these appliances can be interconnected and monitored using a single controller. Busy individuals and physical limitation/old aged people required home automation and networking to ease their work. Home automation networks uses many systems like wireless embedded sensors and actuators that enable monitoring and control applications for home user and give an efficient home management.

Keywords— PAN, Controller, Wireless embedded sensors, Actuators

1. INTRODUCTION

In recent years, wireless sensor and actuator networks have gained high momentum, receiving significant attention from academia, industry, and standards development organizations. One of the primary application domains of this technology is home automation. This system enables us to enable monitoring and control applications for the home user and efficient home management a WHAN (Wireless Home Automation network) typically comprises several types of severely constrained embedded devices, which may be battery powered and are equipped with low-power Radio Frequency (RF) transceivers. The use of RF communication allows flexible addition or removal of devices to or from the network and reduces installation costs since wired solutions require conduits or cable trays. However, the dynamics of radio propagation, resource limitations, and the mobility of some devices challenge the design of WHANs. We then present an overview of ZigBee, Z-Wave, INSTEON, Wavenis, and IP-based approaches. We then discuss these solutions with regard to WHAN requirements plus additional technical and nontechnical criteria.

2. EXISTING SYSTEM ISSUES

- Problems with integration
- Electrical issues
- Physical damage
- Security
- Energy efficiency
- Extensibility

3. PROPOSED SYSTEM

3.1 Light control

A new light can be controlled from any switch, which reduces the need for new wired connections. Lights can also be activated in response to a command from a remote control. Furthermore, they can be turned on automatically when presence and luminance sensors detect that people are in a poorly illuminated room.

3.2 Remote control

Infrared technology has been used for wireless communication between a remote control and devices such as TVs, HiFi equipment, and heating, ventilating, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems. However, infrared requires line-of-sight (LOS) and short-distance communication. RF technology overcomes these limitations. Intercommunication between the appliances inside the home.

3.3 Smart energy

We use Window shades to rotatable according to sunshine , HVAC, central heating, and so on may be controlled depending on the information collected by many types of sensors that are used to monitor parameters around the home such as Motion, light , humidity , thermostat etc.. In addition, smart utility meters can be used to detect usage peaks and alert the household devices that may be causing them. Energy supply companies may also use WHANs to perform energy load management.

3.4 Security and safety

Advanced security systems can be based on several sensors (e.g., smoke detectors, glass-break sensors, and motion sensors) for detecting possible risk situations that trigger appropriate actions in response. For example, smoke detectors may activate fire alarm. The proposed system employs the biometric in the authentication for home entrance which enhances home security as well as easiness of home entering process which can be overridden by OTP sent to mail and phone for giving permission to relatives and others.
3.5 Voice recognition
The voice recognition system uses a single-chip solution for recognizing the voice. LD3320 is a chip which is used to recognize the voice based on speaker.

4. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE
Independent automatic voice recognition technology. LD3320 has a highly effective speaker-independent voice recognizer. It is designed with hardware optimization and acceleration for speech recognition, without any external auxiliary devices such as Flash, RAM, etc. It can complete speech recognition at an accuracy rate of 95%, not even requiring users to do their own voice training to generate speech features for the training library. So the cost of voice recognition module is lower than SUNPLUS SPCE061A. It first analyses the spectrum of the voice input by the MIC and then extracts the voice features. After that, it’s compared with words in the list of keywords. Finally, the keyword with the highest score is output as the recognition result.

4.1 Remote care
Patients and disabled and elderly citizens can benefit from at-home medical attention. Wearable wireless sensors can periodically report the levels of several body parameters (e.g., temperature, blood pressure, and insulin) for a precise diagnosis. If acceleration sensors suggest that a person has fallen, alarms can be activated immediately and smart air control to maintain the fresh air inside the home by means of a geothermal pump and smart ventilation by allowing required amount of sunlight into the home.

4.2 Features of the proposed system
- Increase the lifespan of each device in the home
- Very appliance act as a can receive the commands accordingly it doesn’t have to wait for any future permissions

5. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION
An actuator is a machine which is responsible for moving and controlling a system, an actuator requires a control signal which requires very low energy that can be generated by means of hydraulic pressure and current to control the system. When it receives a control signal it responds to System by converting the signals into mechanical motion.

An audio power amplifier an electronic device that is used to produce audio signals and increase its level to strong that is good enough for voice reorganization and home audio system.

A Central Unit & Server has the commands information and how to perform the task and to whom the task is assigned sends the signal to respective device and device performs the action accordingly it stores the past commands given to it by the user in the cloud.

Fig. 1: System architecture

4.3 Conclusion
This paper has revealed the issues with existing system state of home automation systems and a home automation system is proposed and using the latest communication technology ZigBee. The use of ZigBee communications technology which is less expensive and effective and This leads to the concept of the virtual home which has security and safety efforts in a clear and consistent manner The home gateway in this type of implementation provides interoperability between the local ZigBee, Wi-Fi, and the Internet. The System offers a different type of networks and devices used to access the system. Proposed system architecture has the benefits of low cost, flexible and reliable and secure system the developed system has munificent support for the various devices and modes of control, monitoring, and feedback of home.

7. REFERENCES
